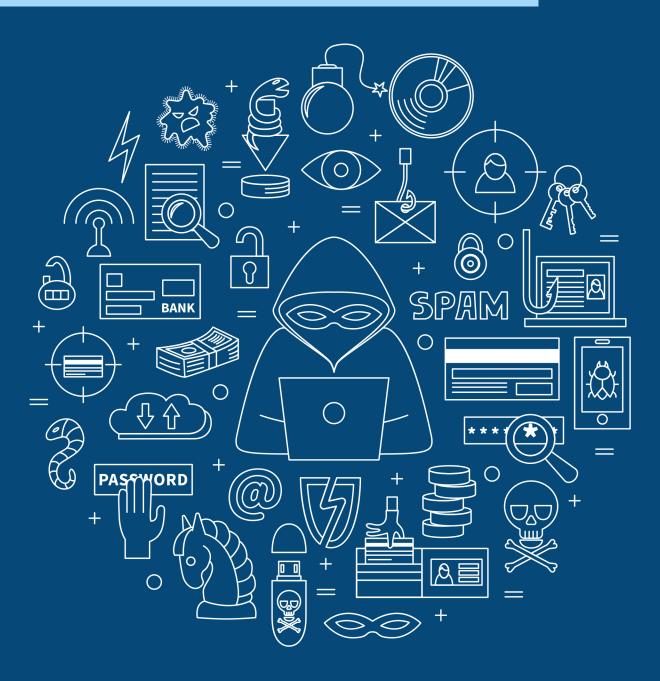


THE ULTIMATE SECURITY GUIDE FOR BUSINESSES

TO SAFEGUARD AGAINST RANSOMWARE

Reduce the threat of a ransomware security breach





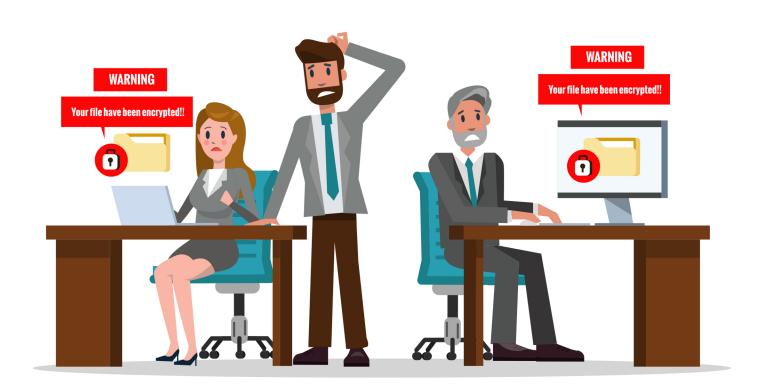
UNDERSTANDING RANSOMWARE

Do you remember ransomware, the malicious software that blocks computer access until a ransom demand is paid? In the past, the threat was huge and dominated headlines, but it seems to have slowed down in recent months.

Could the decline in publications citing ransomware as the cause of data breaches indicate that cybercriminals have given up on dishing out the malware? The answer is no, not even close!

Although the chatter around the malicious software may have quieted down, the threat is very much alive and working hard to hand out ultimatums to its victims – pay up to unlock your data or lose it indefinitely.

Cybercriminals are continuously improving their techniques and attack methods, a large contributor to the fact that we're hearing less about ransomware than many other attacks that have recently risen in popularity. Aside from the growing threats in the news, such as targeted phishing attacks and Business Email Compromise (BEC) scams, the de-emphasis on ransomware in large part comes from cybercriminals finding new ways to infiltrate a user's system in a more targeted, harder to measure approach.





HOW RANSOMWARE IS DISTRIBUTED

The most common way for ransomware to be distributed is via a phishing email containing malicious attachments. The malware may be directly inside the attachment or may include a link to a website hosting the malicious software. Another common method for dispersing malware is by using an exploit kit to search for vulnerabilities in outdated software and then exploiting those vulnerabilities.

Vulnerable servers are also an open door for cybercriminals to distribute ransomware. Once a hacker gains access to a server, they can do serious damage, some of which may involve using administrative rights (which can also be obtained relatively easy with the right tools) to turn off certain protections that may alert administrators of the threat.

Causes of Ransomware





WHO IS A TARGET?

Everyone can be a target for ransomware. While cybercriminals do have industries they favor and target, such as the healthcare and financial industries. everyone is susceptible to a ransomware attack if the proper training and security measures aren't in place. Whether an individual user, small business, or large enterprise, everyone is fair game to a cybercriminal looking to make money via ransomware.



With that said, cybercriminals may be doing more research these days to choose their victims. Many believe that hackers are targeting fewer victims through ransomware, however, the truth is that they are just choosing the right victims. What does that mean? Cybercriminals are choosing targets who they believe CAN afford to pay large ransoms and CANNOT afford to lose their data – resulting in fewer attacks but more success for the attacker.







The cost of downtime from ransomware is 10x higher than the ransom demanded per incident higher than the ransom demanded per incident

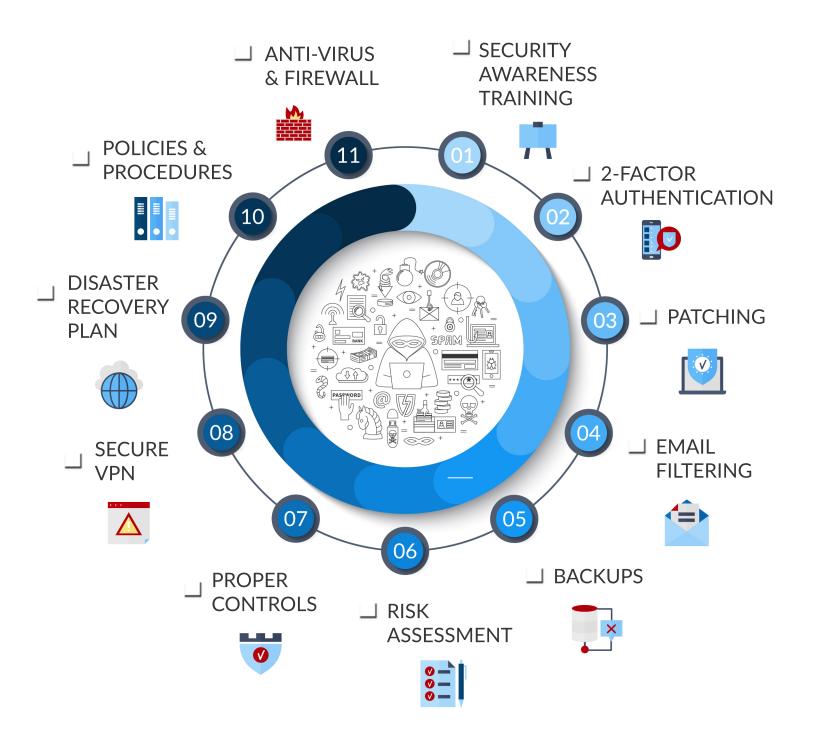
of cyber victims were SMBs with less than 1,000 employees chia





11 Tips to Help Protect Your Organization from Ransomware

The best defense against cyber threats is a strong offense. Organizations should proactively implement the following security protections to stay one-step ahead of hackers.



bis cotting T done.	
Security Awareness Training	Proper Controls
Provide security awareness training routinely to educate employees on current threats and best practices.	Ensure that proper controls are in place that only allows employees to access areas and information needed to perform their job function.
☐ Two-Factor Authentication	Secure VPN
Utilize two-factor authentication as an added security metric for gaining access to your system and your company's sensitive data.	If users are connecting remotely to your network, make sure it is done so securely through a VPN.
Patching	Disaster Recovery Plan
Keep your systems up-to-date and patch when necessary to prevent system vulnerabilities from being exploited.	Have a disaster recovery plan in place to ensure that your organization knows how to respond a ransomware attack if one were to occur.
☐ Email Filtering	Policies & Procedures
Email filters should be put in place to help identity and block known threats on incoming communications.	Implement policies and procedures that outline your organization's rules and expectations such as password requirements.
Backups	Anti-Virus & Firewall
Confirm routine backups of your company's data are being performed.	Make sure your organization is using reputable anti-virus software and firewall.
Risk Assessment Perform a yearly risk assessment to find vulnerabilities within your network.	Get Your {FREE} Cybersecurity Training for Your Staff!



A Special Offer Just for You...





Training Videos
The content goes
over cybersecurity
best practices



Testing
Employees are
required to take
security tests



Admin Reporting
Administrators can view
security reports
& see testing scores



Reminders
Automated security
reminders can be sent
out to staff

BONUS: Complimentary network audit to find any vulnerabilities in your network

Get your FREE Security Training for Your Staff by calling 251-410-7601 or emailing security@askbis.com!